

# Perspectives on IUCN WPC 6 Hinton, Canada 2010

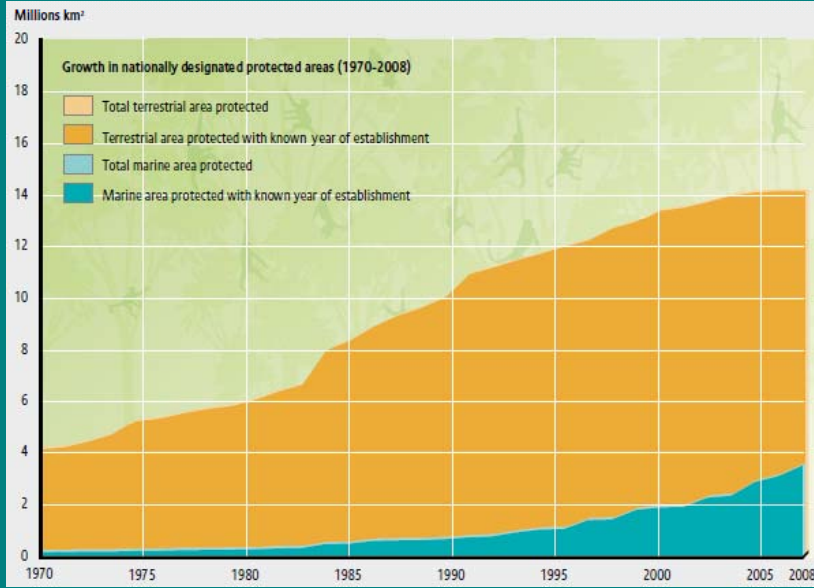


# Global Biodiversity Outlook 3



## Status and trends of the components of biological diversity

	Trends in extent of selected biomes, ecosystems, and habitats
	Trends in abundance and distribution of selected species
	Change in status of threatened species
	Trends in genetic diversity of domesticated animals, cultivated plants, and fish species of major socio-economic importance
	Coverage of protected areas



# 2010 a pivotal year in conservation



COP10 ロゴマーク及びスローガン



(英語) Life in harmony, into the future  
(日本語) いのちの共生を、未来へ

別添資料1





# The CBD Strategic Plan 2011-2020

- **Take effective and urgent action to halt the loss of biodiversity**

to ensure that by 2020 ecosystems are resilient and continue to provide essential services, thereby securing the planet's variety of life, and contributing to human well-being, and poverty eradication;





## Goal C: To improve the status of biodiversity by safeguarding ecosystems, species and genetic diversity

- *Target 11*: By 2020, at least **17 %** of terrestrial and inland water, and **10 %** of coastal and marine areas, especially areas of particular importance for biodiversity and ecosystem services, are conserved through **effectively and equitably managed**, ecologically representative and well-connected systems of protected areas and other effective **area-based conservation measures**, and integrated into the wider landscape and seascape.

# Climate Policy embraces ecosystems



# Mitigation – Reduced emissions from deforestation and forest degradation (REDD)

- Collectively aim to slow, halt and reverse forest cover and carbon loss
- Delivering multiple-benefits for sustainable livelihoods and biodiversity



# Adaptation

- provide long-term, scaled-up, predictable, new and additional finance, technology and capacity-building
- enhance action on adaptation, build synergies and share information, including on **ecosystem-based approaches**



# The challenge for 2014

How can the WPC6 make a significant contribution towards halting biodiversity loss?

What needs to be done between now and 2014 to engineer a transformative process and event to catalyze success?

What needs to happen at WPC6 to achieve the commitment required?

What is the specific role of protected area system and the protected area community in driving these outcomes?

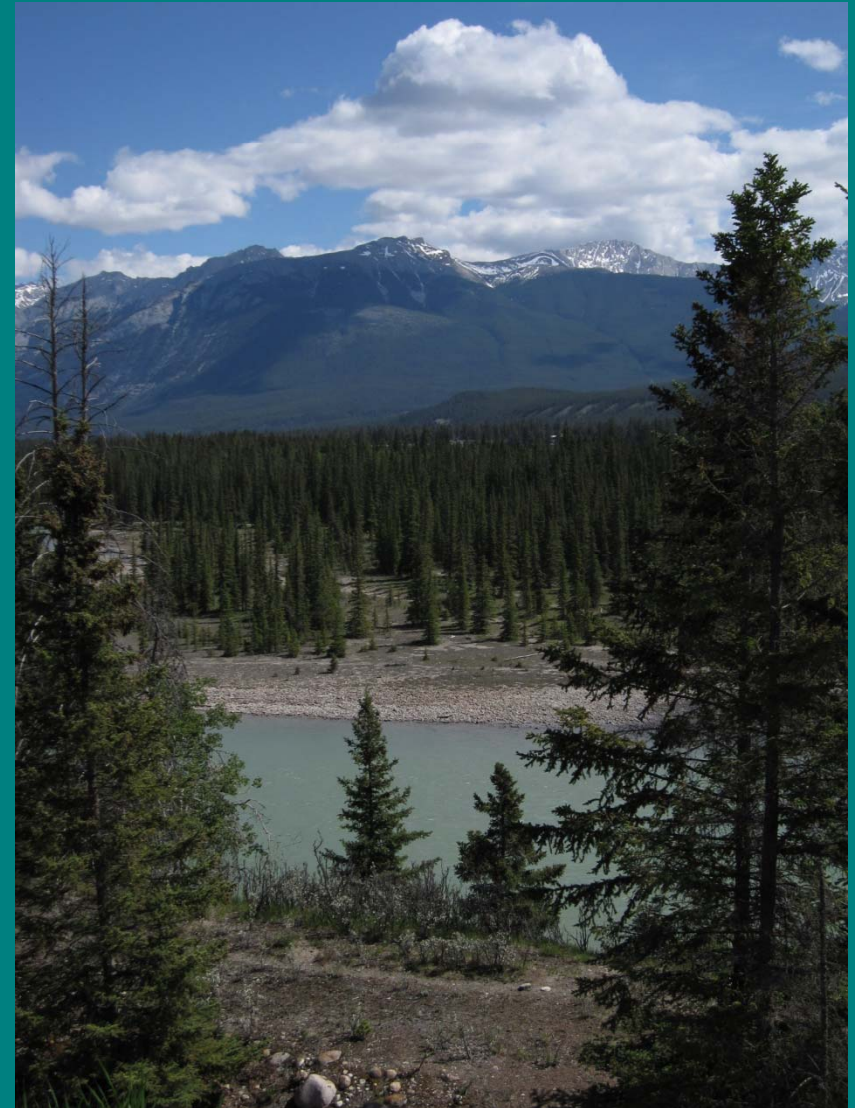
**We need an informed  
and proactive approach**

**What will the world be  
like in 2014 and 2024?**

**Progressive impact of  
climate change**

**Population, consumption  
and competition for  
resources (in and  
affecting PAs)**

**Recognition of the value  
of intact and resilient  
ecosystems for meeting  
human needs**



**We need an informed and proactive approach**

**Progress has been made in addressing the technical capacity and financial needs for PAs, but will attention be diverted?**

**We need increased efforts to deliver baseline management effectiveness, then to deal with the incremental costs of addressing major threats, while also exploring the way in which PAs can deliver added value.**



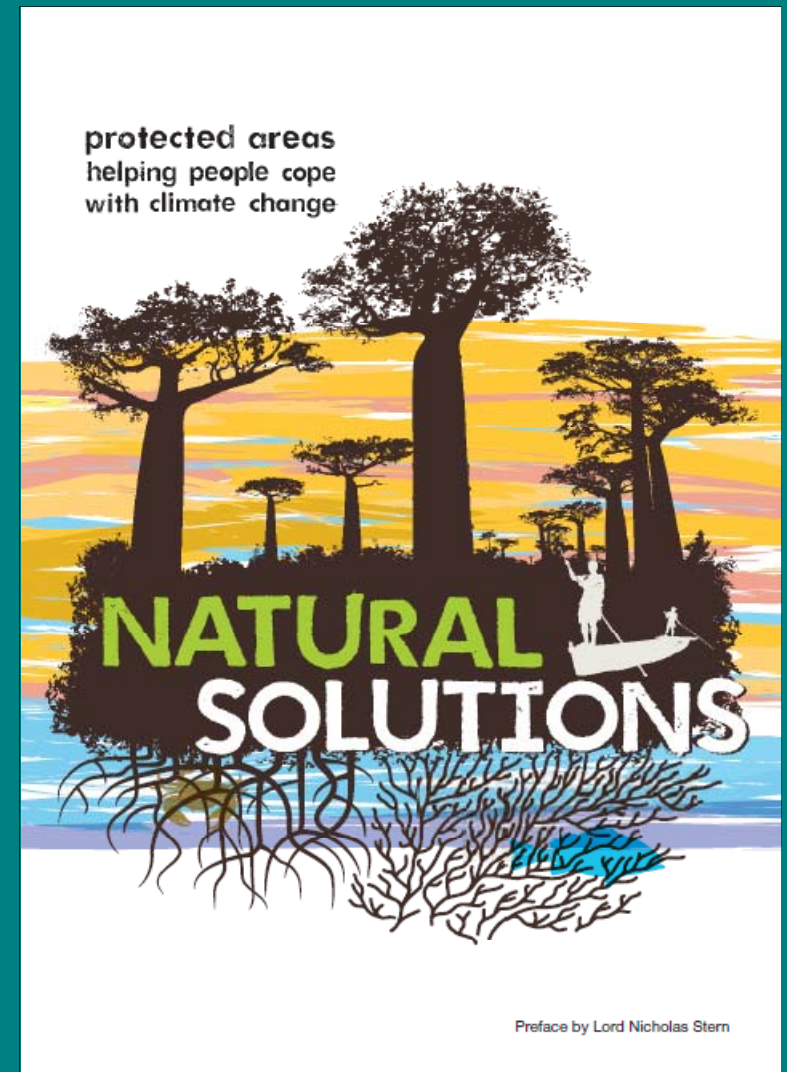
## DELIVERING (NATURAL) SOLUTIONS

The WPC6 can be positioned as delivering solutions...involving protected areas,

to societal concerns

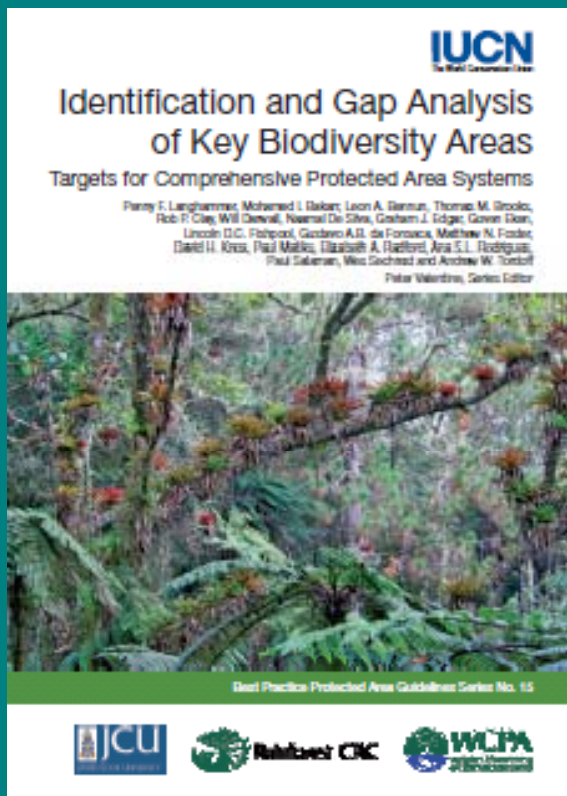
in three spheres:

- achieving the standard
- meeting the challenges
- making a difference





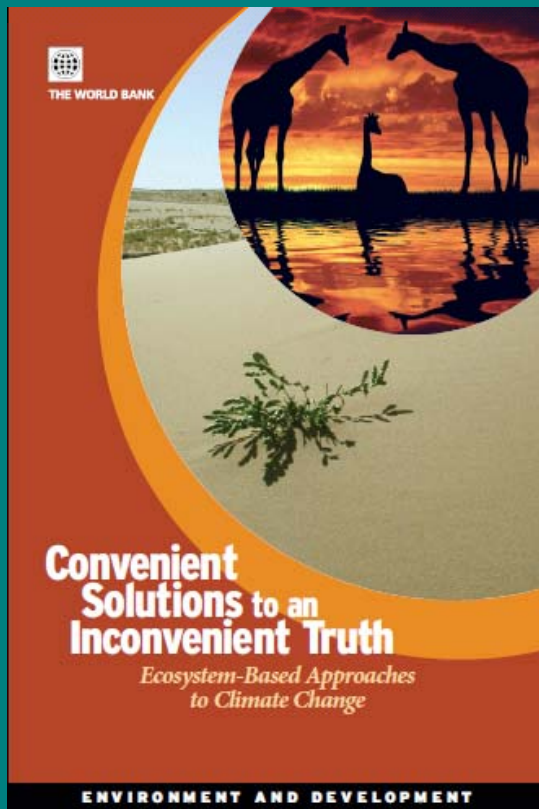
- Understanding what is working and why
- scaling up application of successful approaches
- What are the baseline costs?
- What is the essential institutional and management capacity?
- What are the funding priorities?



➔ *The approach should not be to showcase everything, but to highlight the most successful, and set the agenda for enhancing the scope and quality of the tools available.*



- analysis of some of these problems (e.g. vulnerability assessment; benefit-cost analyses)
- Effective solutions that can build capacity e.g. harnessing cultural and spiritual values)
- solutions that address critical threats (e.g. alien invasive, climate change)
- *The approach should be to provide the protected areas community at large with the capacity to address observed and predicted challenges for the next decade.*





- solutions that harness the power of PA systems to address societal concerns (e.g. sustainable watershed management, tourism, disaster risk reduction, health)
- commitments to roll-out these solutions (e.g. budgets; capital funds; market based mechanisms; donor pledges, NGO and government partnerships; volunteerism)

**→ *The approach here would be to turn the situation around, through crafting the response in conjunction with the relevant sectors***

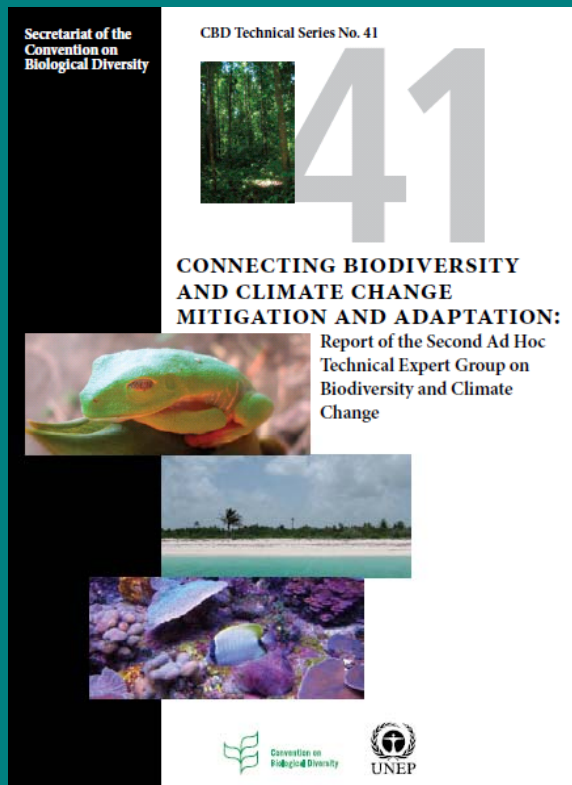




- The WPC6 must include PA managers of all kinds and continue to be a forum for demonstrating best practices and raising the bar on effective management of PAs.
- Pin this down to a 10 year priority list and focus in on establishing some goals for countries that most need support and within countries on those protected areas that most need support.
- The proposed **GREEN LIST** could be a component of this focal area for the WPC6



- better understand at all scales the nature and scale of the challenges to protected area systems.
- put on the table effective approaches to mitigating and adapting to these changes.
- For WPC 6 identify the top 3 issues that are predicted to dominate global trends in the decade following 2014 and set the agenda for a programme of activity involving the global PA community





- the investment made in managing intact natural ecosystems is paying off
- fully realize this investment, by entering into a compact with the development sectors to recognize and fully incorporate protected areas into decision-making responses
- The WPC6 event could be a landmark for this approach.



*INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS 2010*

**Healthy Parks**  
**Healthy People**

# An enhanced partnership with CBD Secretariat



## Putting plans to work: IUCN's commitment to protected areas

**Dear Delegates,** IUCN, the International Union for Conservation of Nature, believes that protected areas lie at the heart of all effective biodiversity conservation strategies. They offer much more as well: clean water, food security, health and wealth; protection against natural disasters; carbon sequestration; recreational opportunities; sacred natural sites; homes and employment.

The Programme of Work on Protected Areas is one of the great successes of the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) and has helped stimulate rapid growth in both the number and

effectiveness of protected areas throughout the world. We congratulate the Parties on this vital initiative and the many local and international NGOs that are supporting this effort. But there is still a lot to do. IUCN and its World Commission on Protected Areas, in partnership with many governments, intergovernmental bodies and NGOs, played a major role in crafting the agenda for the Programme. We remain committed to supporting the CBD as the work on protected areas enters a new phase after Nagoya. The latest research tells us that without a significant investment, protected areas may not be able to

continue to provide the multiple benefits which we have enjoyed up until now. This booklet tells you why we think investing in protected areas is important and lays out our commitments to making the vision of the Programme of Work on Protected Areas a reality.

Two handwritten signatures in black ink, one for Julia Marton-Lefèvre and one for Nik Lopoukhine.

*Julia Marton-Lefèvre, IUCN Director General and  
Nik Lopoukhine, Chair IUCN World Commission  
on Protected Areas*



# ProtectedPlanet

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http://protectedplanet.net/sites/Table\_Mountain\_National\_Park

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## Table Mountain National Park

Table Mountain, [South Africa](#)

Information Discussion

hide markers TERRAIN SATELLITE

Official version --- Community version edit this geometry



### Official Record 93% COMPLETE

WDPA ID  
300408

NAME  
Table Mountain

ORIGINAL NAME

## Factors of success of the WPC6 could include:

### Success 1. Strengthening the PA constituency

[e.g. PA managers achieve competence.....]

### Success 2. Achieving political will

[e.g. message to CBD COP12 in 2014 and MDG summit in 2015, funding commitments.....]

### Success 3. Forging new partnerships

[e.g. agreement and commitments to implement programmes championed by sectoral partners.....]

### Success 4. Communications

[e.g. new media leads to a global youth mobilization programme ...]

### Success 5. A green and grassroots congress.

[e.g. local inputs are gathered in regional and sub-regional meetings, and fed into the global process]

# 6<sup>th</sup> World Parks Congress 2014



✓ Locking in the new paradigm of relevance:

natural solutions to human needs

✓ IUCN providing global leadership